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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:

Mark Graham Lawrie

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Group Art Unit:

3612

Examiner:

Unknown

Title:

ASSEMBLY

TRANSMITTAL OF CERTIFIED COPY

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

With regard to the above-referenced patent application, enclosed is a Certified Copy of prior corresponding document GB 0026148.7 filed October 26, 2000.

Respectfully submitted,

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Date: March 21, 2002

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this transmittal and certified copy are being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to Assistant Commissioner of Patents Washington, D.C. 20231 on March 21, 2002.

Raimi Blackerby









The Patent Office Concept House Cardiff Road Newport South Wales NP10 8QQ

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Dated 22 October 2001

Patents Form 1/77



Patent Office

260CT00 E578764旬 D010超 P01/7700 0.00-0026148,

Request for grant of a patent

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THE PATENT OFFICE 2 6 OCT 2000

NEWPORT

The Patent Office Cardiff Road Newport South Wales **NP10 8QQ**

1. Your reference JBJ/P300335GB 2. Patent application number 0026148.7 26 OCT 2000 (The Patent Office will fill in this part) Meritor Light Vehicle Systems - France 3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames) 105 Route d'Orleans B.P. 48 Sully-sur-Loire 45600 France Patents ADP number (if you know it) 07992480001 If the applicant is a corporate body, give the FRANCE country/state of its incorporation Assembly 4. Title of the invention 5. Name of your agent (if you have one) "Address for service" in the United Kingdom WITHERS & ROGERS to which all correspondence should be sent Goldings House (including the postcode) 2 Hays Lane London SE1 2HW Patents ADP number (if you know it) 1776001

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number (if you know it)

Date of filing (day / month / year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing (day / month / year)

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (answer 'Yes' if:

a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant,

c) any named applicant is a corporate body. See note (d))

YES

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Priority documents					
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Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)					
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Assembly

The present invention relates to assemblies and in particular door panel assemblies of land vehicles such as cars (automobiles).

Known cars include doors having windows. It is possible to lower and raise a window glass in order to open and close the window. The vertical position of the window glass is controlled by a window regulator, parts of which are generally secured to a lower edge of the window glass.

Several different forms of window regulator are known.

The window glass and the window regulator are positioned in a cavity within the door and are attached to one side (the 'wet' side) of a door panel. The window regulator is driven by components within a window regulator housing mounted on the wet side of the door panel.

A drive mechanism is attached to the other side (the 'dry' side) of the panel opposite to, and in driving co-operation with components of the window regulator housing. The drive mechanism can comprise a manual arrangement or a powered motor arrangement.

A problem with known door panel assemblies is to ensure alignment of the window regulator housing with the drive mechanism.

An object of the present invention is to provide an improved form of aligning a first, second and third component of an assembly. The invention is particularly applicable to aligning a window regulator housing (a second component) with a drive mechanism (a third component) when these two components are formed as an assembly with a door panel (a first component). It should be noted that the invention is however applicable to other assemblies were alignment of components is required.

Thus according to the present invention there is provided an assembly including a first, second and third component having respectives first, second and third holes, the assembly

further including a locating means assembled into the first, second and third holes, the locating means having at least a small diameter portion which is concentric relative to a large diameter portion, in which the small diameter portion is located in the second hole in order to align the locating means relative to the second component, and the large diameter portion is located in the third hole in order to align the locating means relative to the third component, thereby aligning the second component relative to the third component, in which the first component is situated between the second and third component.

The invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawing in which:-

Figure 1 is a schematic view of an assembly according to the present invention, and

Figure 2 shows the locating means of figure 1.

With reference to figures 1 and 2 there is shown a door panel assembly 10 including a window regulator housing 12, a door panel 14 and a drive mechanism in the form of a window regulator motor 16.

In further embodiments the drive mechanism could be in the form of a manual window winder.

Door panel 14 can be in the form of a door inner skin i.e. a pressed component having various holes and attachment features for components such as door hinges, door latch, audio speaker, window regulator motors etc.

Alternatively door panel 14 can be in the form of a door module panel i.e. a panel onto which is pre mounted various components such as a window regulator motor, an audio speaker, a door latch etc, with this pre assembled door module being mounted in a relatively large aperture of a door inner skin.

Window regulator housing 12 might typically contain a drum around which has been wound a cable, rotation of the drum causing movement of the cable and hence raising and lowering of the window glass via separate components of the window regulator.

Note that the present invention is not restricted to window regulators containing drums with cables.

In particular is should be noted that the arrangement shown in figure 1 enables power generated by the window regulator motor 16 to be transferred across the door panel to the window regulator to enable raising and lowering of the window.

Window regulator motor 16 includes a through hole 16A and door panel 14 includes a through hole 14A.

Window regulator housing 12 includes a blind hole 12A having a parallel sided portion 18 and a tapered portion 20. The large diameter end of the tapered portion is smaller in diameter than the diameter of the parallel sided portion thus providing a shoulder 22 in hole 12A.

In further embodiments Blind hole 12A could include a parallel sided portion in place of tapered portion 20, preferably being of smaller diameter than portion 18.

The assembly also includes a locating means 24 having a large diameter portion D and small diameter portion d which are concentric relative to each other. A shoulder 26 is provided between the large and small diameter portions. At the end of the small diameter portion remote from shoulder 26 is a tapered threaded portion 28.

At the end of the large diameter portion is a paralleled sided threaded portion 30 onto which can be screwed nut 32.

It should be noted that the large and small diameter portions are designed to be concentric relative to each other. However, manufacturing techniques result in slight eccentricities of the large diameter portion relative to the small diameter portion. However, the design of the large and small diameter portions means that manufacturing techniques, such as turning allow the eccentricities of the large and small diameter portions be minimised. Note that manufacture of the locating means is not limited to making this component as a turned component.

At the end of the threaded portion 30 remote from shoulder 26 is a slot 31.

The assembly 10 can be assembled in two distinct manners.

Firstly, the window regulator housing 12 can be aligned relative to the door panel and the locating means 24 (absent the nut 32) can be inserted through hole 14A and into hole 12A. The locating means 24 can then be rotated by means of a screwdriver engaging slot 31 such that the tapered threaded portion 28 engages with the tapered portion 20 of hole 12A. In this case the tapered portion 20 is initially plain sided i.e. it does not include threads and as the locating means is screwed into the hole 12A the tapered threaded portion 28 self taps a thread into the material of window regulator housing 12. In particular the material of window regulator housing 12 can be a plastics material. Such an arrangement provides for a subassembly comprising the locating means 24 which secures the door panel 14 to the window regulator housing 12.

It should be noted that the length L of the small diameter portion can be slightly less than or slightly greater than the height H of the parallel sided portion 18 plus the thickness T of the door panel 14.

The former case provides for a sub assembly in which the door panel 14 is clamped to the window regulator housing 12 and the latter case provides for an arrangement whereby the shoulder 26 abuts shoulder 22 and the door panel 14 is not clamped relative to the window regulator housing 12.

The window regulator motor can then be assembled onto the large diameter portion and the nut 16 can be threaded onto the threaded portion 30 and tightened to provide the complete assembly.

The second way of assembling the components is to be pre assemble the nut 32 onto the locating means 24, align the window regulator housing 12, door panel 14 and window regulator motor 16, and to sequentially insert the locating means 24 through the holes 16A, 14A and 12A and tighten via slot 32 to secure the assembly in one operation.

Using the latter method is particularly useful when initially assembling the assembly.

The former method is particularly useful when the window regulator motor 16 requires removal or replacement whereupon the nut 32 can be removed and the window regulator motor 16 also removed and a replacement window regulator motor can then be assembled without having to move the locating means from holes 14A and 12A. Thus it is not required to disturb the connection between the door panel 14 and the window regulator housing 12.

In particular it should be note from figure 1 that the small diameter portion d is a relatively snug fit within parallel sided portion 18 and also that the large diameter portion D is a relatively snug fit within hole 16A. Thus by controlling the dimensions and manufacturing tolerances on the large and small diameter portions and also on the holes 16A and parallel sided portion 18 it is possible to align the window regulator housing 12 with the window regulator motor 16 relatively accurately. In particular it is often necessary to align these two components relative to each other more accurately than they are aligned relative to the door panel 14, and it will be noted from figure 1 that hole 14A is of significantally larger diameter than hole 12A. Thus under certain installations the dimensional accuracy of hole 14A can be relaxed thereby providing a cheaper assembly.

Whilst the locating means 24 has been provided with a drive formation in the form of a slot 31, alternatively drive formations such as hexagonal recesses, hexagonal projections, Torx formations or other suitable drive formations can be provided.

Furthermore it is possible to seal the assembly e.g. by providing a seal between the window regulator housing 12 and the door panel 14 or alternatively by providing a seal between the window regulator motor 16 and the door panel 14.

In further embodiments it is also possible to provide spring washers or other pre-load devices, in particular between the nut 32 and the window regulator motor 16.

Claims

- 1. An assembly including a first, second and third component having respectives first, second and third holes, the assembly further including a locating means assembled into the first, second and third holes, the locating means having at least a small diameter portion which is concentric relative to a large diameter portion, in which the small diameter portion is located in the second hole in order to align the locating means relative to the second component, and a large diameter portion is located in the third hole in order to align the locating means relative to the third component, thereby aligning the second component relative to the third component, in which the first component is situated between the second and third component.
- 2. An assembly as defined in claim 1 in which the locating means includes a fixing portion proximate the small diameter portion for securing the second component relative to the assembly.
- 3. An assembly as defined in claims 1 or 2 in which the locating means includes a fixing portion proximate the large diameter portion for securing the third component relative to the assembly.
- 4. An assembly as defined in claims 2 or 3 in which the fixing portion is in the form of a threaded portion.
- 5. An assembly as defined in claim 4 in which the threaded portion engages the second or third component.
- 6. An assembly as defined in claim 4 in which the threaded portion engages a nut.
- 7. An assembly as defined in claims 4 to 6 in which the threaded portion is parallel sided.
- 8. An assembly a defined in claims 4 to 6 in which the threaded portion is tapered.
- 9. An assembly as defined in any preceding claim in which the locating means includes a driving feature.
- 10. An assembly as defined in any preceding claim in which the first component locates on the small diameter portion.
- 11. An assembly as defined in claim 10 in which the first component is clamped by a shoulder of the locating means formed between the large diameter portion and small diameter portion.

- 12. An assembly as defined in any preceding claim in which the second and third components are aligned relative to each other more accurately than the locating means is aligned relative to the first component.
- 13. An assembly as defined in any preceding claim in which at least one of the second and third holes is a through hole.
- 14. An assembly as defined in any preceding claim in which at least one of the second and third holes is a blind hole.
- 15. An assembly as defined in any preceding claim in which the first component is sealed relative to the second component and/or the first component is sealed relative to the third component.
- 16. An assembly according to any preceding claim in which the first component is a door panel.
- 17. An assembly according to any preceding claim in which the second component is part of a window regulator mechanism.
- 18. An assembly according to any preceding claim in which the third component is part of a window regulator motor.
- 19. A method of assembling an assembly according to any preceding claim including the steps of assembling the first and second components to form a sub assembly and subsequently assembling the third component to form the completed assembly.
- 20. A method of assembling an assembly according to claims 1 to 18 including the sequential steps of inserting the locating means into one of the second or third holes, inserting the locating means into the first hole, inserting the locating means into the other of the second and third holes to provide the completed assembly.
- 21. A method of assembling an assembly as defined in claim 20 including the step of pre-aligning at least two of the holes prior to inserting the locating means.
- 22. An assembly capable of being assembled by either of the assembly methods of claims 19 and 20.
- 23. An assembly as hereinbefore described with reference to or as shown in figures 1 and 2 of the accompanying drawings.



